23-Isaiah-39-Transcript

[Music]

[Music]

jesus christ

[Music] well greetings brethren and welcome to another wednesday night bible study uh tonight uh we're not going to be continuing with an actual study we're instead going to change up the format a bit and this entire episode is going to be devoted to your questions and and answers our answers and it is going to be this entire episode because uh there's just been so so many very good substantive questions that we just need to take time to work through and i said we because and pastor murray are you there yes yeah i got oh he's we we've lost pastor murray i'll go ahead and open with a word of prayer and then hopefully pastor murray will be back in the studio and we can continue with our q a our heavenly father our great god almighty we pause as we always do to acknowledge you and to plead with you father to be merciful to us and to to participate in our study that the word spoken would be pleasing to you and that through this process over time we may better understand the words of your holy prophets and those that you inspired to write these holy scriptures and that with that better understanding father we would conform to your will and to the mind of

we praise you we bless you lord we thank you

we ask this in jesus most holy name amen all right brother murray are you there i am here yeah sorry about that i had an internet connection issue no of you i i know i'm i'm i'm good i'm uh

i'm i'm still my head is above water let's put it that way i've taken in some water but i haven't drowned i'm busy busy period how about you yeah see it's uh really busy on our end for sure work wise

as you know as uh i'm not sure how many of our folks know but we do hold down uh jobs outside of ministry so we are tent makers

yeah yeah and uh yeah busy time of year for us as well so

no complaints but yeah just uh you know praise god that we are busy that we have work to do and

that we can uh participate in this very very

important uh ministry so uh we have from from you brethren and if there's time we'll we'll consider more questions as well so

uh within the chat we do have a direct feed from youtube or at least i think maybe there's two youtube channels one of the channels we do have a direct feed here

we can display questions uh we will monitor face uh

we don't have a direct feed but we will monitor facebook is tricky if you post a question and we don't see it and some time elapses

we won't see it until we watch the replay so if you've posted a question and you feel we haven't seen it just go ahead and post it again and we

are watching the the cgi.online.church website as well so we did we do have a few questions that we want to get through i have shared those with pastor murray and i think we'll start with the first one which i think is very timely uh it came in from our sister christy last week and i didn't see it till after we looked at the replay or the chat on facebook and she asked an interesting question maybe uh pastor murray you can kind of pose the question for us so we all know what the question is and then walk us through the answers and if you need any scriptures thrown up let me know sure yeah so the question we received would love to have you explain the count to pentecost this year there seems to be some of us that think we are a week off so we'd uh love to tackle that um so maybe be before you i don't know how you're going to approach it but i was thinking some people may not even be aware that

some people may not even be aware that this is an issue so if we maybe frame it up so we understand what the issue is yeah so um i when we the county of pentecost is described for us in leviticus 23.

um we can go there when we go there okay lebron just 23. and i'll just bring it up here

so that we can all follow along with you and and many of you maybe know and we've been talking about it for the last number of bible studies as well that uh we're in the middle of a count so as you're looking that up uh there is a 50-day count

from the feast of love and bread and we'll get to some of those details in a second

um and that's how the feast of pentecost is

is is arrived at that is a 50-day account it's not on a specific day of a specific month of the hebrew calendar like the other holy days are it is 50 days from a certain day and we're going to look at that now so we begin in leviticus 23 verse 15. we read and you shall count for yourselves from the day after the sabbath

from the day that you brought the chief of the wave offering seven sabbaths shall be completed count 50 days to the day after the seventh sabbath

then you shall offer a new grain offering to the lord and we'll leave we'll leave it there for right now

and sorry uh pastor murray just so you know in the king james you might have been reading the new king james in the king james it says a new meat offering and you said a new grain offering

i don't know if that needs some clarification

oh then you know what uh i did not notice that um

um we can we can get to that i just yeah i just i'll go to there you wanted to make it go ahead and make a comment on that

yeah no i just noticed that as you were reading so you were reading from the new king james and that was verse that was first um yes his grain offering okay yeah

so i think while you're doing that i'll

just take a quick look uh well we can just take a quick look at the hebrew sure and see what's going on there uh that was verse 16. so the the offering is uh and let's see so this so it looks like it can be a meat offering i'm not seeing grain here let me switch over to king james i'm just looking it up as well yeah so it's they've translated a meat offering i'd have to do a little bit more research on that but it looks like uh meat offering may be accurate so the the uh in in drums what i'm looking at here in strong's is meat is is added it's it's really a new offering so it's whatever the greek word for offering is um when i look up strong's meat is an added word right exactly yeah it is it is it both always grain right so it's uh it's how they translate and how they decide so given that it's pentecost uh you know maybe it does make more sense that it is in fact a grain offering um but yeah i just noticed that as you were reading i guess i didn't know which trends translation you're reading from and you know what it's a very good point to uh to uh highlight those those items and i know this one through your bible study using the king james and i've got two or three different versions here that there are some from time to time there are some differences which which is going to get into another topic later that's why for me and i

don't know if you can see it here if i open this yeah so i have tons of translations and dictionaries and just so that i can toggle back and forth and see how different translators have used their judgment in moving it to english but we'll come to that later sure yeah i do the same in my studies so absolutely so um let me just get back to my uh the topic here

so uh we're talking here about the the um

timing of the feast of pentecost so uh generally it's not an issue here what we read here is uh what we did read was that you shall count for yourselves from the day after the sabbath and that

the sabbath during typically during the feast of unleavened bread um now most often it's not an issue uh for instance if we use an example we started

the uh passover is on a sunday evening um then the first day of 11 bread would be the tuesday

uh on the sabbath uh day five of the feast of eleven bread that would be the sabbath in the middle of the feast on the lemon bread so the account will begin on day six of the feast which would be the sunday that would be day one of the omer count this year uh which is why uh our sister highlighted the the issue um and it doesn't happen too often it's happened i it's happened four times in the in descent this century uh the most recent was 2008. uh it

happens again in 2025 and then not again until 2045.

so it doesn't happen often where

passover is on a sabbath so the 14th of the month is on a sabbath uh which would mean we would have we would take the for the symbols and perform the foot washing on friday evening as we come into sabbath the night to be would be saturday evening as it was this year uh everybody recalls that because all of our all of our service times were all adjusted accordingly we had the night to be saturday evening and then the first day of lemon bread is a sunday so what first day of the week so that causes a uh an issue because um it it is the sabbath follow it on the moral after the sabbath um now that could mean uh one of two things we uh count from the sunday um following the sabbath during the feast of 11 bread which would make it that sabbath would be day seven the last day of unleavened bread and therefore we would start to count uh on the following day so sorry so that's why people think we're a week off because they're using that method is that right correct correct so the the they would use the uh the method of counting on the sabbath during the the festival which it doesn't necessarily it doesn't say that but that's that's every other year works that way right um uh so then the count would begin on the sunday which would happen before the wave sheet would fall outside of the of the festival okay so hang on a second let me share so if they count on the seventh

then the wave chief offering is actually happening on the eighth day which is outside of the feast of unleavened bread that's what you're saying correct or

we count on the following the sabbath uh previous to the the feast which would make day one

the first day of unleavened bread the start of the count

so we either we either are forced to count

from the sabbath outside of the the uh the holy at the beginning or we count from the wave chief offering outside at the tail end so it one or the other is falls outside of the

and sorry just like maybe if this was diagram the the wave chief offering in the second method is that falling within the feast then correct like this year it falls on day one of the holy soul first day of eleven bread that is that would be the

sheep day how we've how the church have gone international and most

most other uh church of god groups keep it that way

um so the there are logical arguments from both sides

uh do we use the sabbath in the middle that falls within

the the time frame of the holy days as day 0

which would make it the last day as we mentioned so we start

the count day one of the count would be outside of the festival

which pushes the wave sheath outside of the festival as well correct

or does the wave sheath belong inside the festival and we use this the

preceding sabbath which falls outside of the festival and they're they're quite honestly their logical arguments either way um the what we need to look at here we

could take a few verses here in uh where we are leviticus 23. begin in verse 10.

okay let me just catch up to you here really we don't want to use logic we want to use

uh scripture and there's and there's there's no thou shalt not that i can find her thou shalt but there is an example that that is

used to guide us accordingly um and let me

as we're looking as we're looking this up let me let me say also preface this by saying that uh this has nothing to do with which calendar we use whether we use the ll calendar and all those sorts of things we're agreeing here that and the question is posed by someone who agrees with us on the rest of the calendar

that the passover was kept on the day that we keep it trumpets that we all

trumpets on the same day the feast of lemon bread is the same no arguments there it's just which sabbath do we use to count from for the wave chief and and it sounds like in either case it's problematic it's sure yeah if you because there is a there's no thou shalt it seems as far as i can tell and the

research i've done um um we there's there's a scripture we

go to which seems to me to make make it clear it right up i would be interested in your comments once we get there but i just want to preface it here leviticus 23 um speak to the children of israel verse 10 and say to them when you come into the land which i give to you and reap its harvest then you shall bring a sheaf of the first fruits of your harvest to the priest he shall wave the sheaf before the lord to be accepted on your behalf on the day after the sabbath the priest shall waive it you shall offer on that day when you wave the sheaf a male lamb of the first year without blemish as a burnt offering to the lord its grain offering shall be two tenths of an ephah a fine flower mixed with oil an offering made by fire to the lord and sorry sorry customary that's a great verse there that just showed that it should be a grain offering that it's explaining the grain offering right there yeah i was thinking that as i was reading it actually yeah thanks for appointment thanks for stopping by pointing that out and it's drink offering shall be a wine one fourth of a hint you shall eat neither bread or parched drain nor fresh grain until the same day that you have brought an offering to the lord it shall be a statute forever throughout your generations uh then what we already read verses 15 and 16 describing the count you shall count for yourselves from the day after the sabbath from the day that you

brought the wave chief chief of the wave offering seven sabbath shall be completed count fifty days to the day after the seventh sabbath then you shall offer a new grain offering to the lord you shall bring your you shall bring from you're doing links two wave lows of a two tenths of an e fought it goes on i'll i'll stop just for time i'll i'll there let's drop down to verse 22 though and see that um following the wave sheaf offering the harvest can begin when you rape the harvest of your land you shall not wholly rape the corners of your field when you reap nor shall you glean any cleaning from your harvest so this this really goes through and before the harvest can begin uh it can't begin until the wave chief day when you take which is really the first fruits it's really which is what this is a first fruits offering to god um and then once that is complete that that wave chief offering then they can glean from the harvest and consume it themselves once that once they partake of that for that first fruit and that first fruit offering is that wave sheaf offering now let's go to joshua 5. joshua 5. and this is the scripture that the not just our group but most churches of god group who keep it uh um the way we're keeping it this year the over count starting on the first day of unleavened bread uses this this is the the scripture that we use so this is the

the second generation they've moses has given the the re-reading of the law in deuteronomy they are now preparing to cross uh into the promised land to partake of their first

they had they started they have crossed over into the promised land to partake of and have partaken of the passover

the second generation is circumcised here in chapter five and then we'll pick it up in verse 10.

now the children follow the timing as we read it now the children of israel camped in gilgal

and kept the passover on the 14th day of the month at twilight on the plains of jericho

just according to torah no issues there so on the 14th they've kept the passover and day eight of the produce of the land on the day after the passover unleavened bread and parched grain on the very same day

so they ate uh they partook of the harvest

on the day following the passover which would be the 15th

the only way for them to partake of the harvest would be to offer the uh wave the wave shape so in this particular case it seems that 14th was a sabbath and the 15th was the first day of the week therefore they were they were able to partake of the harvest because they would have already uh and he doesn't need to say it here

this is descriptive not not uh prescriptive prescriptive so um the prescription comes back in the torah and we just hold the timeline here so based on that um this is one example where it seems

the

the uh festival fell from a sunday to a

sabbath the first day

with passover on the sabbath and they

were able to

uh on the very day after the passover

partake of the harvest

so the the logical question then would

be

is there a counter example where

it it supports the first interpretation

where you should count

this the eighth day is there anything in

the scripture that supports that

position

not that i can find and not that and not

that any other

any other research paper has been able

to to find i would be interested uh you

know

comments from our folks or from our

sister who raised the question if

there's a scriptural example

um yeah yeah and we certainly can go

back and have a look

if there's one cited

very very well done uh excellent

appreciate that very clear hopefully

that's clear for our brethren and for

our sister

christy who raised the question um are

you good there

uh pastor murray yeah that's good yeah

very good thank you for that

we have a number of questions but

there's another question here that i

want to tackle

or address and it has to do with

the hebrew so some people

may feel uncomfortable because they see

that i'm making an effort

to study the hebrew and when i'm

referring to isaiah for example i'll use his hebrew

name

when i'm referring to god almighty i

will use his name

where it says in the scripture jehovah

and to christ

as yeshua and there is this movement amongst the that infiltrates at times

the church of god

which is this sacred names movement which wants to enforce the use of hebrew

names

in the church and and you know i've interacted with folks like this and i've always resisted it and i resisted to this day

um but yet i am using hebrew names well so the brother who raised this was

uncomfortable

with the fact that he feels that i'm slipping perhaps

into something that is not profitable

what i'll say is this i want to address it a couple of ways

the first way is as much as pastor

murray

and i are teachers we have this

incredible

opportunity and privilege to teach

scripture

to god's people and in so doing edify the body of christ and and who knows when people really come to understand the scriptures

appropriately and rightly divide the word of god who knows what fruit you

will bear

you know and god says that we will be blessed for turning many to

righteousness

so as we teach scripture and and people and they write to us and tell us that they are really being inspired and and a whole a whole new lease of life in in their scriptural study as they are

in their scriptural study as they are edified

who knows what fruit they will bear and so this is very very important work that we do and it's a high privilege as much as we are teachers we are students

i think the best teachers are the best students someone who ceases to be a student

and teaches uh to me this is dangerous territory

this is where i've got the whole thing figured out and i'll just teach people my knowledge

we're interacting with the mind of god and the mind of god you know it's it's miraculously it's

it's in these scriptures

the way these scriptures have been inspired they contain

inspired they contain

the mind of god and how god thinks and his character

and so this is a lifelong study and a whole eternal life may not be enough time

for us to really plumb the depths of the scripture

as we just witnessed right now in in real time

i my um and the person who's writing here as well believes that we should just stick to the king james king james is the most accurate translation you'll notice in my preaching i exclusively preach from the king james i do not trust

the newfangled translations i've done a study on them

they are all under suspicion as far as i'm concerned sometimes they get things

right

but for the most part i i don't trust them so i stick to the king james but the king james is not the bible we just witnessed it

where pastor murray was reading from the new king james i threw up the king james and

and he read green offerings wait a minute it says meat offering uh we're reading english words this is not the bible this is this is a layer

between us and the bible and that's why it's important to go to the hebrew if we had time and we were studying the hebrew would see the minsha as the the the actual hebrew word we would study what does that word mean we'd studied in context we'd realize it's grain offering the new king james got it right

the king james the most accurate english translation

got it wrong if we are real and that's just one example of perhaps thousands within the scriptural corpus

so if you're relying on the king james and thinking that that's the bible it is easy for you to be deceived because over time it's a jigsaw puzzle and you think this piece fits here and this piece fits here and therefore you think this is the picture

when in fact that piece doesn't belong there and the piece that you have attached to it it doesn't belong there either lift it up and put it in the right corner

and now you're beginning to see what this really means and now that you've got it in the right corner there are other pieces that were just hanging around loosely that you can now fit because you've put those in the right place

so this is why we make this effort as students

to start and we study multiple translations murray says he's got multiple translations that he studies from

i've got multiple translations that i access and i'm making an effort to access both the hebrew and the greek now there's a difference between the hebrew and the greek the greek

is not the bible anything in the bible that's in greek is not the bible it is in fact a

commentary on the bible all of the apostolic writings in the new testament

these are they were used in the the bible

the hebrew bible and they were commenting on it inspired and therefore becomes part of our english bible or our modern day bible our christian bible

but the hebrew the greek text is not the bible

nor is the septuagint the bible is the inspired word of god which was inspired in hebrew and aramaic now the brother also says you know there's a scripture and we'll go to it that god will turn to the people in new language and to him he says if it's new

then it's super new and there's no point getting caught up in any human language including hebre

in any human language including hebrew if god is eventually going to give us a new and if it's coming from god therefore it's super new

language i've got to debate this and i will come to the scripture and debate that i think these were the main objections that they had but let's go to the scripture and we'll just read this together so we can be on the same page just to again underline the importance of studying the hebrew and these names have meaning when we say isaiah and jesus vou know these words isaiah jesus they don't have any meaning they're just names but when you say yesha ayahu and yeshua and you understand the meaning of the hebrew then all of a sudden it's crystal clear yesha ayahu is pointing he's a pointer to yeshua because yesha ayahu is saying through all of this dark text that i'm i'm inspiring and writing in the scroll i'm actually pointing to the one who can correct all of this so the inspiration of yesha ayahu is actually pointing to yeshua and if we don't understand the hebrew and the hebrew meaning we miss this and therefore we mistreat and i will even say we abuse isaiah isaiah is a very convenient poetic book and we abuse the prophet by using him at our convenience instead of realizing okay this prophet stands apart from all of the other prophets the hebrews call him the prince of the prophets the head of the prophets and and he was given special revelation

and therefore we come as we're trying to

now week by week humbly before this teacher

isaiah trying to understand what is it that he was inspired to teach and trying to understand it in context

and as much as possible

going back and you know hopefully a year from now two three five years from now god

god if god spares life uh i will have a better grasp even and

maybe i have to go back over isaiah again and do it again

but let's just look at some passages

here and sorry pastor mary i just wanted to uh address this

yeah no this is yours for sure go ahead thanks um

so look at psalm 83 and verse beginning in verse 16

fill their faces with shame speaking of the gentiles

that they may seek your name o yehava so we want the gentiles to seek the name of jehovah and and we want to fill them with shame

until they do that let them be confounded in trouble

forever yes let them be put to shame and perish

that men may know that you whose name alone is jehovah art the most high god are the most high over all the earth and that actually brings me to this other journal why don't we just use the word god well it's english we use god i say god but if you look at the etymology of the word

god it is a pagan root there's no such thing as the word god or any derivation of that in the hebrew bible it's a word it's a concept that just does not exist in the hebrew bible so when we're using this term god

we have deviated from the bible and from the concepts of the bible

and we are actually being polluted by pagan

ideology and doctrine so god does not exist in the bible

jehovah exists in the bible that is his name

and all men all over the earth are going to know

this name jehovah he's not saying use this name jehovah as a placeholder until i come and then i'm going to have another name

this is his name and when he comes all men all over the earth

are going to know this name and they're going to come to mount zion and they're going to praise god using this name

so yehovah is his name there should be no objection

from anybody anywhere in the church to using the actual name of god jehovah what we don't want is people making it a legal

enforcement and beating people over the head if they don't speak hebrew no but if we if those of us who are studying hebrew can bring out meaning and there's

there's really no translation for jehovah

the the you know i used to when i was in worldwide herbert armstrong would say the eternal that's a pretty close english capturing of jehovah but it really cannot be translated but it is the sense of ever living one ever living in past

eternity
ever living in future eternity and and

present it's just hard to translate it's in the word yehovah now so everybody's going to learn this this name

and i know in the back of your mind you're thinking yeah but there's a new language coming i'll come to this in isaiah 12 and verse 2.

i just you know on sabbath i had this um passage open

and i had the hebrew open beside it and i was just looking at the hebrew and i suddenly saw yeshua and i thought what's yeshua doing in isaiah i don't really recall isaiah speaking about jesus and so i had to look like what's going

and so i had to look like what's going on here and read the text it was this verse isaiah 12

2 behold god is my salvation and this is not the english word god this is uh if we look it's probably the word uh

adonai uh let's just look at this it's l so i'm in l yeah so l so there's no concept of the word god the english word god

in the bible so l is my salvation and l means god there's other l's this is the almighty l but the same way that we say god in fact on this whole notion of just god remember that congressman pastor murray that uh he went into the congress and gave this prayer and ended it with amen and a woman yeah i think it was a georgian congressman if i remember right i'll get you the name that's right yeah so this this guy he

prayed and he ended his prayer with amen

and a women
uh completely foolish but what he said
before that
was that he comes he's praying in the
monotheistic god of
brahma and i named all these gods
that they're all god so when we say okay
everybody

let's praise god you can have a muslim who is praying to allah who has nothing to do

absolutely nothing to do with the god of the bible except to be an adversary to the god of the bible you could have a hindu who's playing praying to brahma you could have buddhist you could have you could have a pagan who's praying to trees

and when you say okay everybody time to pray to god you'll get no objection but if we say let us praise yeshua the most high yeshua and jehovah let us bow your heads in get down on your knees and bow to yeshua now we have a fight on our hands

because they don't want to praise yeshua so we can get away with this sort of slippery loose language of talking about god but we don't want to do that we want to talk about yeshua the savior and we want to talk about jehovah the ever-living one and now now there's a demarcation and god

says in matthew 24 we shall be persecuted and hated by all nations for his name's sake so the name of god we must not take lightly but he says here god is my salvation i will trust and not be afraid

for yo for the lord adonai yahuwah anytime you see lord with it sort of lower case big and then lower that's adonai

when it's all upper then this is uh uh jehovah so he says jehovah is my strength

and my let me just confirm this yeah jehovah he says it's actually jehovah jehovah so he's double that doubling down

where you see it lord here then it's adonai so when you see it's just a sentence case is that an eye when you see it all caps it's jehovah so he says for the jehovah jehovah is my strength and my song and he also is become my salvation and that's the word that was just up in hebrew and i happened to glance and i really reading the hebrew and i said that says yeshua so this is the the power of the name

isaiah yeshe ahu is pointing to yeshua and here he's saying he's going to trust him

despite everything that's going to happen the catastrophic events that are about to take place he will not be afraid jehovah is his

strength and his song and has become his yeshua so these hebrew words and names are very very meaningful

they they cannot be fully translated into another language it's like the language is a container of meaning and it has a certain structure and another language has a completely different structure and we're trying to take the meaning out of the container and then it has this molded shape and

then we're trying to jam it into another container that has a different shape and pieces are breaking off and falling off and there's gaps so we put water in to fill the gaps and and so we end up with something that is an approximation of the original meaning

but it's not the original meaning and so we should not resist going deeper and trying to understand more even if it challenges preconceived notions

now i want to address i'll just wrap up in a little bit

i want to address this notion that if god is going to give us a new language

then it's going to be super new and we don't need to worry about any of the languages today including hebrew i contend with this issue and i've struggled with it myself because i i'm studying the he i studied

greek first and then i'm studying hebrew and i've

and then 1'm studying hebrew and 1've got to say the greek

is a more powerful language it's a more elegant language it's

it's more of a workhorse and can deal with uh

more conceptual issues the the greeks were big conceptual thinkers and needed a language that could work for their full big philosophies that they were trying to explore so so the language is very robust

in handling philosophical concepts and so it's no surprise

that god uses this language or alexander the great to spread this language all over the word world and then has this profound uh plan of salvation articulated in this language

because it can contain these big ideas and very robustly very uh handily so i'm looking at the hebrew and i'm seeing like this is not a pure language by any means this this is a very um i'll say it's a polluted language to assert yeah i'll say that i know it's going to offend some people it's you know it's a very hard working language

you know two words together carry an intense amount of meaning whereas in the greek they would make that more of a sentence but

but really be accurate so so the hebrew does a lot of work with few words but it's not a pure language for a few reasons

for just just look at the vowel system the vowel system is an add-on the greeks vowels are built right into the language

but for the hebrews it was more of an oral culture

and then they expected you to know the scriptures by heart

so you didn't need any support in how to read you just look and you just kind of know what it says

but through the persecutions and the loss of the lives of these people who had everything memorized and then they started to find that people were looking at the text and they really didn't

understand is it this or is it that it could be either there's no help here so they figured out they've got to add vowels but they can't change the text the text is sacred they can't alter the text and they came up with these brilliant minds came up with this vowel system as an overlay on the greek but the fact that they need to put an overlay oh sorry on the hebrew the fact that needs to put an overlay on it means that it was insufficient of itself and and and so there's an inadequacy there

and there's all kinds of issues with with the vowel system as well also the text that we have when we say we're going to look at the hebrew so if i were to

look at the hebrew text here so if we're looking at this hebrew text this is flawed text where here we're looking at this hebrew it's flawed text why because if if we were to show this text to the

original hebrews somebody like father abraham he would not be able to read this

he wouldn't know he wouldn't have the foggiest idea what this says because this is americ text this this text structure

comes from the americ this is this is sort of

this is a sort of second generation hebrew

which in the time aramaic was the dominant language which they borrowed that

alphabet system so to speak and they use it for the hebrew

the paleo hebrew the original hebrew looks nothing like this in fact from this hebrew it's very hard to draw a connection to the greek

the greek language comes from the hebrew it's a derivation from hebrew but it's from paleo hebrew

so if you look at the pali of the

original hebrew text you can see where the greek letters come from but this is aramaic text so again this is not the original

pure hebrew language now having said all of that

how i struggled with this because i said like um

no there's a pure language coming so it's not going to be hebrew but i i think actually i think it will be hebrew what do i mean let's look at this text here

this is isaiah's isaiah's calling in the year of kings

in the year that king uzziah died i saw adonai sitting upon a throne and that's another thing i

i love to say jehovah when the jews are saying you must not say his name and they want to hide it

no we we understand what his name is we understand what it means

and nowhere in the text does it say his name must not be called upon in fact it says the opposite

so they will always kind of hide the name of the lord and say adonai when it really should be jehovah do i like to say jehovah i'm not talking about allah i'm not talking about buddha i'm talking about jehovah

so here he says adonai meaning master he saw the lord not listen to this he saw the lord sitting upon a throne high and lifted up and his train filled the temple

above it stood the seraphim each one had six wings and with two he covered his face with

two he covered his feet and with two he flew so isaiah is being sort of plunged into this throne room

and he's seeing all of the goings-on and the seraphim and the lord he's seeing all of this

and now first he's seeing like john and now he's listening and he says and one cried unto another and said holy holy holy is jehovah zovat

how would he know that the seraphim are saying that jehovah is holy holy holy

unless he could understand their language and i think we need to make a separation

between spoken language oral language and that which is written down and the history of hebrew shows us this that abraham was a hebrew he spoke hebrew

isaac was hebrew jacob was hebrew but if you showed this hebrew text to these men they'd be lost they wouldn't know what you're talking they wouldn't know what it says because they wrote in paleo hebrew if you spoke it to them in hebrew they were

in classical hebrew they would know what you're saying but if you presented this hebrew text to them they'd have no idea so there's a separation or a difference between language that is spoken and how it is written down so here isaiah is in the throne room angels are talking to each other and he perfectly understands what they're saying how he writes it down

is a separate issue so clearly jehovah is his name and the whole world is going to know this he says the whole earth is full of his glory and then the the post moved and then he said he's woe he's undone because he's unclean because he's seen the king yehovah zavawat the lord of hosts and this against of all these armies when he comes

he's coming with the ziva oats he says
then one of the seraphim so he's
speaking up
and the seraphim understand him so they
come and they take care they cleanse him
and purify his mouth
and then he said then he heard
the voice about an eye so now it's not
just the angels he's hearing
now he's hearing god himself speak
and he's perfectly clear what god is
saying saying whom shall i send
and who will go for us and then i
answered and i said i'm right here i'll
go

god he's able to have a conversation with jehovah and then he says and then yehovah gives him specific instructions of what to tell the people and i'm sure that yeshua yahoo followed this out to the t did exactly what he was told to do but he's able to have a conversation with god what language were they speaking did he have to suddenly learn a heavenly language in order to communicate with god and understand the

or was the language that he spoke and the covenant that god has with these people

angels

did he give them this language so that they could understand and praise him accurately now he says so the conversation goes on there but i wanted to go now to this and this is my last uh passage of customary zephaniah so the notion that well if god is going to give us a new language if it's coming from god it's going to be super new so we can forget all of these languages on the earth uh i contend with that because here if we actually read the passage he says for then at this time will i turn to the people

a pure language it's not a new language it's a pure language so he doesn't say nowhere in here does he say at this time i'm going to give the people not only a new language but a super new language you know he says

language which you can see one of it is to

to cleanse to clean so barrar is it's a chosen language it's a bright language it's a cl it's a polished language

so isaiah was in heaven and he was perfectly capable of understanding and conversing with the other beings in heaven including god himself

but the language that he is using and that we are using now is not a pure language how it's written down

god is going to give us a purified language and in fact it's not a pure language as well because aramaic has creeped into it some babylonian words have creeped into it so the language is polluted but the language itself isaiah understood in heaven it was being used a language

that was being used in heaven isaiah was perfectly fluent

in that language so it's not a new language it's a purified language

why that they may call upon what why is he going to give them this purified language

that they may call upon the name of jehovah

to serve him with one consent so as the whole world

comes flocking to mount zion being instructed

by specifically the tribe of judah but all the tribes of israel

which is that whole operation being overseen by the first fruits harvest as the whole world now is really at one and comes to praise god it's important that they have a language that does not contain filthy concepts

that you're not you're not combining filthy concepts with the holiness of god that the language will be cleaned up uh filthy satanic concepts will be removed holy high righteous

concepts will be embedded we think with words which is why

um the current regime that we're living under

is removing words from our vocabulary we're not allowed to say certain words soon the the name of christ will be against the law

because we think with words words are the tools with which we form thoughts and so taking these words out of the language means we can't think like that anymore

putting new words in the language uh cisgender

uh tren what what what are these things they contain concepts that now you and i entertain

that we would have our imaginations would have never taken us there but that's the workhorse of language so god is going to purify the language so that everybody can praise yahuwah that's his name and the whole world will know his name so i would encourage everybody to get comfortable with the hebrew names you know just this week i had

twice this week actually this weekend last week i had somebody uh one person referred to me as andre last week this week somebody referred to me as

andrea immediately i correct them that's not my name

my name is adrian thank you and i had to correct one person a leader publicly i'm just like no that's not my name and so names matter and god changes people's names and gives names for a reason

and i think we have to have a great deal of respect for that so i apologize if my digging into the hebrew makes you uncomfortable

as i mentioned we're students and that's in my view that's the only way we can be effective teachers the word of god has to be alive it's like

running water and every week that i come before this camera it has to be running water hey this is what i've this is what i've received this week it can't be like stale stagnant water that hey this is what i received 50 years ago and i'm just going to dust it off and give it to you again so sorry for that i think it's a very

but uh i want to make sure that i did that that i did address it uh sorry password your thoughts and comments and then and then there's another question that i hope you'll

important uh concept i went on a little

bit long

address next

uh yeah for sure uh so uh definitely uh um i'm not a language expert um i do use

drugs

i do see the value for sure and use strong's quite a bit in my in my

speaking

it's uh the english language is as you've mentioned is such that it it does not get the point across it's i can go as just as basic as the word love or the word judge in the greek scriptures yes and as as

society today changes you mentioned all the changes in in society today never mind new words adding changing the meanings of

current words we know uh to completely change those meanings

yes is is also that so

i definitely appreciate uh um um learning about god uh in in that way uh uh the the hebrew names issue is something that goes on with that goes you know does cause some confusion and some angst in people

um and i think in some respects where people

there's a hebrew movement that bothers some people and i think you've addressed that that's not where that's not your purpose here of of getting into that um and you know to john 17 verse 3 tells us that you know

to know god is eternal life and um
he reveals himself
to us in those in his names he is the
god who heals he is the god
who who keeps covenant he is the god who
who

is our banner uh all those sorts of things so i definitely appreciate the studies that you've done on that i i can't uh um that's not my area of expertise right now hopefully i will get some time to

look into that though yeah very good appreciate that and just a question here from steven scale which i really appreciate

isn't this a vision though if jehovah gives isaiah a vision wouldn't it be in whatever language isaiah understood that's a reasonable question and then backing this up uh was isaiah literally in heaven since yeshua says in john 3 13 no man has ascended into heaven i i take your point uh brother stephen i think yes it's a vision but it's a it's a reality it's uh you know i think john john had a vision but but there's a

john had a vision but but there's a reality there as well he really saw the throne room

and and god made that available to him i think god really made the throne room available

to isaiah but that doesn't mean i i think i take your point isaiah does not necessarily have to be up in in heaven he's on earth but he's having this vision revealed to him much like

when christ was uh transcended with the elijah and moses uh the transfiguration and that vision was revealed to peter and john

and John
that that's real like that that that's
how these men are going to look
um but it was it was a vision that god
could kind of fast forward the future
i'm not sure the details of it
but i don't think there's this sort of
like you know we we speak a language
in heaven and then we're just going to
speak chinese because uh
isaiah speaks chinese so let's just make

it available to him in chinese i i really don't take that here i see when when god and proof of this to me is the whole world

is going to call upon the name jehovah how they write it what scripts they'll use to write it that's a completely separate shepherd issue and that script whatever it is is going to be a pure language but the the name how it falls on the ear yeh that's his name for eternity and so therefore that says to me the language is hebrew it needs to be cleaned up

it needs to be purified but the whole world is going to call him jehovah and there's meaning in that that is not translatable

so pastor murray sorry were you going to say there's another question that's sort of related here

yes so just before we go there i just wanted to address back to the first question

about the timing of pentecost there are still some questions out there i don't want to address them here uh um with regard to some of the scriptures that were used and and uh some other points to them what i what i would ask uh is you know those folks that uh have put those comments in there if you can

reach out to me um what what i'm really looking for and what i haven't seen in any of the comments or the questions

comments or the questions is proof from the scriptures that we need to that it should be the other way that it that we should be counting from um i i i said at the beginning i can see the logic in both uh so the

scripture that we used uh is used by the church of god movement generally speaking not just ours to to help uh make that decision uh because it is so because it is a rare occurrence where the the sabbaths fall that way and part of it has to do with with postponements and all those sorts of things and you talked about needing to purify the language god will i suspect and i'm just speaking my own opinion here i suspect god needs to purify his calendar as well so um what the the church does need to make a decision and he uses these scriptures for that what i haven't seen and i'm asking is if there is actual here's why we need to keep it um using the sev the seventh day of eleven brett as day zero um not that i can't yeah we can we can poke holes in in the scriptures isis but but let's find some uh some evidence some real yes i would appreciate that from from our brethren great great point there was a question here um just very quickly the question i wanted to raise next customer which was also raised was um do we so there's a little bit of concern that when we speak well i might say wow you know pastor murray's sermon last night last week was very profound i'm going to build on it or you know you might say adrian's message was profound jan might say your message was profound i was like is every message profound are you guys just doing this not to hurt each other's feelings and also do you collaborate beforehand

do you tell each other what you're going to speak about and organize beforehand so if you could comment on that there is a question

here um do you have proof that the greek evolved from hebrew so i have to go back into my

my text but i'll just show you here very quickly uh just

so you get the idea um so this is the evolution of the alphabet so this protocyanatic

this is the this is an example of the um paleo hebrew

where the symbols of the letters so for example this is an ox's head and so these were the canaanites who developed this language uh this ability to do this alphabet

where they said that you know we need to write it down so oh oh well let's say the word

is actually ox i don't know what their word was but that makes to start that word you say ah ah so they drew the

head of an ox and that's how and then the ba ba they drew a house what a house looks like so

so in hebrew it's uh bait but whatever the canaanite language was it was maybe similar to bait so they drew a house and so you know for for i they drew an eye and

so this is how this is how the language they just used

symbols of what they knew and they took the first sound of that symbol to say that that's what that means that is what that's what the paleo

hebrew looks like

the phoenicians then borrowed that and made it more symbolic they took less of an illustration of the uh the

sound or the animal or the object and more symbolic from this now you turn this ox head on on its side and you're beginning to see how the greeks came up with the alphabet so from the aleph bet to the alphabet which ultimately comes into the english language the the modern language so all of this goes all the way back to the invention of the canaanites of how to write language and then the hebrews then took this up and then developed their paleo hebrew and then the greeks developed developed that and then we have the romans and the english building on the um building on the work of the greeks so that's just a you know a quick example i could probably find a a better uh path but i think that's pretty good how you see these these cane knights were very very clever to come up with a way of of having written script in an oral culture and then the hebrews took that and built the hebrew from it and then the um phoenicians the greeks they then and then to the romans that went one way and then from this um paleo hebrew we have the uh the the modern even now we have modern hebrew but even before modern hebrew we had the uh so paleo hebrew then there was the second generation hebrew now we have modern hebrew uh so that hebrew language is following its own path of evolution but our english language today can be traced back to hebrew as well

so uh pastor murray uh the question around um

i think it was two part it was uh you know do we collaborate beforehand and is every message profound you know are we saying that just to not hurt each other's

feelings yeah so let me let me uh interesting question um pondering it as you were appreciate the time that you took

the time that you took with the album um

the uh i think i'd like to answer it if this way um

and maybe offer some insight into what our viewers may not know

um first of all within the cgi ministry um we practice a couple of concepts one is called servant leadership in and that's who together to the

in and that's uh taught to the the eldership it's uh

that we we are servants in our we're not we're not authoritarian we're not uh kings or caesars but we're we're servants in ministry

um the other concept that we have found is the morality of eldership and the training goes through

all of the new testament examples of everywhere where paul raised up churches and there were elders plural in each city

which really serves to protect the congregation

and protect the the ministers themselves um

it saves saves me from getting a big head because i work with you it saves both of us and likewise because we've got uh

brother jim french um and we've got our deacons

uh uh david and jan um uh so so we put that's one concept those two concepts that we practice here

the other thing another thing i'd like to mention is that our services and our studies

um especially our services uh i know we've been locked down and for the last 14 months and we publish our services and that's you know we're blessed to have that ability

the technology that you have at your disposal allows us to do that but really our services first and foremost are for our congregation uh that's where that's where we have oversight it's

we pastor our congregation that we that we are able

to uh uh stream or

uh live stream our service and allow other people to listen in that's a blessing we certainly love to be able to to serve in that way

but our messages first and foremost are for our congregation that's where we

have

that's where we have oversight that's where we've been assigned to um but that's our main task is to feed our congregation

for our service um the third item that people may not

may not realize is we actually have following the service we have an after sermon discussion

and that's where our congregation comes together on zoom and it's not just the zoom conversation

when long before we were we were forced out of our live services

we would have these after sermon discussions and it really allows for an interactive discussion with our members to talk about the sermon to you know follow up points ask questions um and we get into you know 60 90 minute discussions about these things and quite often what happens here in in this interactive session is ideas come up something comes up

in fact i know for a fact that this week's sermon is part and parcel of that brother jim is going to be giving came out of the discussion last week

so we've got a lot of factors here where we where we work closely together in our congregation we practice concepts like plurality and eldership servant leadership we involve the congregation and in these in discussions we have an online discussion feed called slack that we use all the time

um so quite frankly yeah we are actually always discussing things um and i know it's not

typical of how typical church of god congregations operate they operate very hierarchical

you know some and i i've experienced this you can't even pull out your bibles in some of these places but i've experienced that as well so um um it works well for us uh are we perfect no

um are we trying to uh pump each other up

no uh but um

what if i use the word profound too much uh maybe i gotta find some other adjectives like yes

uh but um um the other thing i would say is

i sh i think it would be great if all

sermons were profound i mean that's what we're here to do right is to just to tap the mind of god this is this is not us speaking it's god speaking and i understand where where the question is coming from um it's certainly i've been around the the church of god movement i grew up in worldwide all those sorts of things it's um but what we do have freedom in cgi is to establishing a local culture and that's

all really we've done is established right

we're not trying to enforce we're not trying to force it on everybody else it just works for us and i just want to comment just to clarify in terms of sermon content we don't typically talk with each other about sermon content we talk a lot even with our congregation

and as murray said that might inspire us to go deeper in a certain angle or certainly certainly we leverage each other from week to week and you know jan might say something that murray builds on murray might say something that hey i think i can do something with that

so that certainly happens just this past two weeks however and this does happen from time to time uh two weeks ago uh murray and i happened

to be

walking together at the same time for exercise

uh and so we were able to just connect and talk

and um i shared with him you know this is what i'm thinking for my next sermon

it's sort of a very big topic and i'm i'm trying to get my head and my arms around it but i'm wrestling with it and i just wanted to kind of bounce it off him and see what he thought i don't usually do that nor do they do that with me uh and same with uh my deacon jan last week i got to speak with him and again just because it is such a difficult topic that i'm trying to tame i just want to kind of bounce it off him what do you think but that is unusual normally they don't know until until i publish the title or they publish their title and we put it in our order of service i usually don't know what they're coming with next uh but we do talk a lot in that way there was a feast a few years ago in collingwood that we hosted our congregation hosted and we set a theme for the feast which was unusual and the theme was that others may live that we wanted to really focus on as first fruits this is not about us we we are taking up this cause and this mission wholeheartedly that others may live and so every sermon during that feast all we gave was just the theme and you know men could go any which way they wanted to on that so that is really good um just very quickly murray i don't want to distract you but there was just a couple of comments here very interesting comment from sister donna i learned that it's actually a curse if

your name is not to be spoken or blotted out

that's fascinating you know so we if we stop or prevent the holy name of god from being spoken like the jews are doing that the rabbis i should say not the jews

that is dangerous territory uh stephen scale says do you think john got the revelation in visions in hebrew and then recorded in greek

i absolutely believe that i believe that it was in hebrew

and then recorded in greek greek was sort of it's like

everybody speaks english the lingua franca it's just easier to put it in english

everybody can understand it that way but that doesn't necessarily mean that i received it in english especially if i'm trilingual

[Music]

um

okay here this is uh yeah so here so the name is hebrew but then it's translated to great great example that's fantastic uh that is great very very good uh pastor murray back to you that was it that's all i really want okay yeah um i definitely appreciate this the the the question but uh you know uh um every congregation here is a little bit different and we uh uh do our best and you know as i said we're not perfect we're we're still learning so okay so there's two more questions or two more there's multiple questions but two more two two more brethren that raise questions these are big ones um i i was prepared to talk about them tonight if you don't mind pastor murray

you're willing to come back next week and we can just continue yeah uh so let's uh let's do this and then um there's a question around babylon and assyria

being destroyed together there's a question around the identity of the beast could it possibly be america uh there's some question around isaiah 10 and 19 which is related and then there's a question that's not really related to the study of isaiah but we can certainly address it here and it's that uh are we as first fruits going to be raptured on pentecost

going to be raptured on pentecost taken away marry christ be instructed and then come back with him on trumpets to then assist him with the fall harvest so i think those questions uh will carry them over then

to next week and i think that will make for an interesting discussion i don't know if there's anything else that's uh simpler uh pastor murray that you saw

that we might be able to didn't really i i didn't really again you know definitely appreciate uh uh the many that follow us and the comfortability with asking the questions we really appreciate the opportunity to do so and uh you know um especially regarding the the the first question regarding the time of

pentecost um that's just kind of where we're at right now certainly i'm i'd love to hear some some some feedback for the other side uh where you're coming from right and um scriptural scriptural there i i'm certainly open to it to uh to hear hearing where your thoughts were

and i think uh just on that you just reminded me of a couple of things one is um when we started our congregation in burlington we created this after sermon discussion and the premise when we originally created it it sort of uh served another purpose that was unexpected but the original purpose was there may have been something that was said during the sermon which was questionable and our premise was

no one is above the word of god if i'm standing up and i'm speaking for an hour and i'm saying thus saith the lord and the lord actually didn't say that we are a room full of adults we're christian adults here we are all baptized we all have the holy spirit we're empowered by the holy spirit

i don't have the right or the authority to say thus says the lord to holy spirit filled people

when the lord actually didn't say that so so the after sermon discussion was a protection mechanism

for the brethren should murray and i get up and say

something with that which actually isn't scriptural it was a hey everybody be comfortable

we're all christians here we were all empowered by the holy spirit sort of a first corinthians 14 anybody can be inspired to speak and question and teach in that after sermon discussion so that became part of our culture

that we are scripturally based and everybody who's holy spirit filled has the right to ask questions and probe and say hey what about this an additional benefit that we didn't anticipate

was what murray was talking about was the digestion

of the material that murray's sermon last week for example i'm digesting it but in our after sermon discussion when

i hear how

other people are digesting it and particular points that he made that really impacted some of the brethren i'm like wow that didn't really impact me that way um or i

me that way um or i

i kind of missed that or i caught that but it didn't affect me the same way all of that helps us to digest it's like sort of a collaborative digestion

process and to remember so there's that the other thing that i wanted to mention pastor marin i think you'll you'll

remember this

when we started our congregation it started with 12 people

12 people 3 families 12 people half of the people were adults

and half of the people were children and

some were very young

and so as we started the congregation and we you know were teaching we realized

half our congregation our youth our children

we've got to serve them as well and so we started a

youth study and we looked at what was there

and we just said you know it's not going to be very helpful

to teach them about daniel and the

lion's den this week

and noah and the ark next and then adam

and eve

and this sort of ad hoc sporadic way of

teaching

we said we need to teach them in a way that they can grasp

that they can grasp

and remember and what we said is what they need is narrative

they need to understand the story arc of

the bible and if they understand

the arc of the bible the narrative then

when you say daniel and the lions then

when you say noah's ark when you say

anything

they will know exactly where that fits in the story line

so that's what we did from week to week

and we said we said you know

the the hour before services will be for our youth

all the adults came too and so every

week we had everybody but the first part

of our service was

aimed for our children and then we had

the formal service

and everybody benefited because we took

the store

we structured the whole all the youth

lessons were structured as a store as a

continuing biblical story

and we sent out the homework ahead of

time they came they were ready to talk

about it

and i think and maybe i'll get your

comments on this customer

i think that was so powerful not only

for our youth but for the adults as well and and this is how we come now i think

god is blessing us in a way that we come

every week

tackling the scriptures wrestling with

the scriptures trying to understand the

scriptures

and just understanding even more deeply

this biblical narrative

yes sir i absolutely do remember that

and you know it was outside of the

regular service so we involved some of the other parents and everybody took turns uh teaching and brought their own perspective and uh you know we did it for five years and um

we would revisit as you know we did the old testament one year for 40 weeks then new testament the next year and then we'd go back to the old testament and uh revisit it and visit the same topics

dig a little deeper and and you know i think we did the old testament three times and every

single time it was different and yes so um yeah for sure

and i think that point as well that that's what being a good student is as that happened to our kids our children it happens to us as well that when we come back and we revisit material that we've gone over before

the fact that we now have a grounding in that material

means that god can give us more to him who has more will be given and as we have more and then we come back to it now we can pull back more so to me you know i'm trying to put these studies in the archive

because i understand what's coming in the future and i don't know how long i'm going to be around but i want you know that there's some cracking of the code of these books that later on when we come back to them when the world has changed and we're seeing like i'm just gobsmacked at how fast our world is changing and particularly what's happening to

astonished everybody accused me i should

america i am

say people accuse me of being political oh you're being political no i don't care about politics i do care about prophecy and and the the place of america in the world and its collapse is highly prophetic especially for jerusalem and the middle east is is blowing up the middle east i should say is heating up it's about to blow up it is heating up because of the irresponsibility and the mischief of this current administration i care about prophecy and i i i've warned but this is going to get ugly the the guard rails are being removed there's no breaks and it's full speed ahead what could possibly go wrong uh so you know as we go back over these as the world changes and we you know now that we understand isaiah more i wish we could go start psalms all over again you know when we finish isaac rather than continuing in psalms let's go back to psalm 1 because now we're going to have a completely different person a deeper perspective and then when we finish psalms let's go back to isaiah 1. and we could just be going back and forth isaiah psalms isaiah psalms to understand why christ when he was on earth quoted from these texts so frequently but i think oh yeah i studied that you know got it no it's deep and we have to keep going back and putting down these layers [Music] yeah as you said uh um you know

i think of you know hebrews or luke and axe all those sorts of things to go back and and have a look at uh revelation be great to go back and do it again this instruction is to read and keep reading yeah and the world is changing so fast in fact uh you know as we speak uh he's addressing the president is addressing a joint set of uh session of congress and uh spending a lot a lot more a lot more of our of their the money uh as we speak so who knows who's who knows what's going on right now the uh green new deal and all those sorts yeah yeah let's just keep printing this nation into oblivion that when this thing collapses it's to be spectacular i just saw in the news as well this evening pastor murray i don't know if you saw it that they've uh they've raided rudy giuliani's the former president's lawyer they've raided his home and they've taken out all of his electronic devices you know in in communism they'd say um show me the man and i'll tell you the crime they they want to lock these people away if you oppose them politically and the founders of america did everything they could to have checks and balances all the checks and balances are being removed and and the marxists are controlling everything it's it's going to be spectacular yeah yeah so yeah look forward to next week and okay i just a question came up that we can tackle next week i always thought we are spiritual israel

not physically connected however ezekiel 47

22 and isaiah 56 3 suggest that we are also heirs and physically connected to israel your thoughts so sister donna we will look at that

so sister donna we will look at that next week

and then there's a comment here from brother corey i grew up in the year year and cem cgi group and camp brought me back to the word

see i'm not sure what the yea is do you know

uh no i i

murray

no no you youth evangelical association it's true it's it's ringing something but not enough for me to say it publicly so

so so praise god uh cem and cgi groups and camp brought me back to the word if it wasn't for being raised in the word i would still be in the world and okay with that brilliant god god be praised very very good pastor murray thank you so much for your time uh i'll tell you brethren uh one of my high privileges and honors is to to work side by side with pastor

a very very special man very dedicated man and i just can't imagine this ministry without him we have our brothers jan

and jim as well we have a beautiful congregation and now virtual congregation that supports us i received two beautiful cards this week uh it's it's a tough road but it's so fulfilling and you spoke about joy you know and on sabbath yeah no matter what this joy that we carry can never be

taken away

and and it's because of this joy that we

can go into these difficult scriptures of yeshua yahoo these are tough scriptures he he was in opposition to the the king of the kings of judah and all the leaders of judah it was tough jeremiah was even worse and yet they had this joy of the lord so very very good let's just let's end there go ahead and uh definitely uh we

go ahead and uh definitely uh we appreciate all the hard work i don't know that anybody knows all the hard work that you do behind the scenes but uh

it's definitely appreciated and uh it's a pleasure uh pleasure walking beside you and and uh as you mentioned deacon jan uh jim and uh david townsend as well yes that's right god be praised thank you brother thanks brethren jesus christ is lord amen you