[Music]

[Music]

well greetings brethren welcome to another wednesday night bible study and let me just ask if i'm coming through clearly if i'm coming through loud and clear i hope i am i just saw a little bit of a glitch in the opening video so i just hope that everything is coming through clearly on your end let's open with the word of prayer we are this evening god willing we'll cover um psalms 110

to 1 12. we'll open with the word of prayer

our heavenly father we come before you lord as we always do as is our custom to praise you to thank you

and to ask you father to be with us to help us as we desire to understand your word

as we desire to dig in and

deepen our our faith

we pray god that you'll be with us every

step of the way helping us to

tie scripture to scripture to read line upon line

here a little there a little and as we

grasp these different uh

inspired texts that we would have a

fuller grasp of your will

and your

purpose

for israel and ultimately for all

mankind

father we

were saddened this week to hear

of the death of our dear brother

our brother wayne hendricks

father we thank you for the long life

that you gave him

we thank you for the long

service of ministry that you gave him father and we thank you for his consistency his commitment his steadfastness you were certainly father his rock you were certainly his shield his strength his protection father and we thank you for his loyalty to you to his family the example that he set and we pray father that all of us we all have an expiry date so we pray that all of us can be inspired by his example and do what we can to love you to love christ to love each other and to love this world and to to do our part in bringing about your will and your counsel we thank you for him father we pray that you'll be with his family that you'll comfort them and that you will really strengthen them in the understanding that he will he will live again and he will indeed be in the first resurrection we just thank you for his faithfulness father we praise you and we ask your help for all of us now to be faithful in this very difficult time we praise you for this scripture and we pray that you'll be with us as we study in jesus name amen so so brethren hopefully you did hear of the news of our brother wayne hendricks and we certainly thank god for him for his ministry pray that god will be with his family and comfort them and please reach out to them if you haven't

already we are covering psalm 110 which is a royal psalm we'll read it line up online psalms one and two a long time ago when we started us they were sort of the keynote for the saltery and in psalm one was a wisdom psalm psalm two was a royal psalm and this evening we'll study psalm 110 which is a a royal psalm and psalm 112 which is a wisdom psalm and then psalm 111 in the middle is an individual psalm of thanksgiving so let me share my screen here and we will begin with psalm 110 and it's a psalm of david and it's a bit of a it's a bit of a controversial psalm it's a bit of a controversial psalm for our jewish brethren they have they take issue with this psalm but it should be pretty clear to us who accept the whole scripture and the apostolic writings make clear to us what in fact is happening here in psalm 110 so psalm 110 a psalm of david the lord jehovah said unto my lord adonai sit you at my right hand until i make your enemies your footstool so the lord said unto my lords you'll notice the first lord is all caps the second lord is just the proper case because the first lord is jehovah so this is we know this is god almighty said unto my lord this is the psalm of david so adonai we could translate it master

so yahuwah said unto my master so david is speaking david adonai means somebody a human being that is greater than oneself you would address as adonai so the yahuwah said unto my adonai sit you at my right hand until i make your enemies your footstool so then who what what is happening here well in the gospel account it's in in mark and it's in matthew we'll read it here in matthew with this conflict that christ had and i should have checked actually to make sure that i am coming through clearly i'll just quickly check the chat loud and clear wonderful thank you so much very very good SO we see here in matthew 22 and verse 41 while the pharisees were gathered together jesus asked them saying what do you think of christ whose son is he and they said unto him the son of david so so he's not saying what do you think of me jesus christ he's saying we're we're all looking for the messiah what is your understanding what do you think of messiah who whose son is messiah and they said well he's going to be the son of david he has to be the son of david he says unto them okay if he's the son of david how then does david in spirit call him adonai saying

the lord jehovah said unto my adonai sit you on my right hand till i make your enemies your footstool so christ jesus christ makes it abundantly clear he makes it crystal clear that this is the psalm of david and so the really three people involved in verse 1 of psalm 110 three persons the first one is god almighty yahuwah the second is david the king and the third is david's master adonai so then christ is posing the question jesus christ jehovah yeshua he's posing the question to the pharisees if he's the son of david why does david call him my master which i deny to say that this is somebody greater than i till i make your enemies your footstool if david then call him adonai how is he his son so this is something they perhaps have not read the text carefully enough and christ quoted from the psalms extensively that's why we're studying them to see what prophetic understanding christ was trying to give us in the psalms is buried in the psalms we're going to line up online but he posed this question to them for them to answer and no man was able to answer him a word they were perplexed something they hadn't really processed no man was able to answer him a word neither does any man from that day forth

ask him any more questions this is something that would totally put them in a bad light put them put christ in a great light and they just didn't want to go any further with this this is something that was in the text buried in the text that they didn't fully understand or appreciate and christ just brought it out david is speaking of god almighty but then he's speaking of a master that is greater than him that god almighty is speaking to so how could he be david's son or just his son now continuing with the apostolic writings in hebrews the rabbi we believe rabbi paul he fully understands what the psalmist is saying and in hebrews 12 and verse 2 he says he's talking to he is a hebrew speaking to hebrews about a hebrew named yeshua looking unto jesus the author and finisher of our faith who for the joy that was set before him endured the cross despising the shame they didn't didn't he he took the shame on it was nothing to him because he understood what god was doing that god is going to make these adversaries his footstool despising the shame and is set down where at the right hand of the throne of god exactly what the psalmist the prophet david he was a prophet and

that was in spirit he was prophesying and now we see the exact prophecy coming to pass that christ now sits at the right hand of the throne of god continuing in the book of hebrews and this is some this is all in the archives we did a detailed study of the book of hebrews if you missed it please go to a lineup online bibleacademy.com and and you can go through the the text in detail line by line hebrews but just to quote again to line it up with the psalm hebrews 10 and verse 11 and every priest stands daily ministering and offering often times the same sacrifices which can never take away sins but this man after he had offered one sacrifice for sins forever sat down on the right hand of god so so psalm 110 david under inspiration sees jehovah and sees his master sitting on the right hand of jehovah verse 13 from henceforth expecting till his enemies be made his footstool so when we understand the whole council of scripture and and we see the whole scripture is not that doesn't contradict it all compliments and reinforces and we see this rabbi speaking to jews educating the hebrews and pointing directly to the prophecy that david made that that david's master david's adonai is going to sit down at the right hand of god and his enemies are going to be made his footstool

so back to psalm 110 and then i know our jewish brothers and sisters struggle with christ and they really uh they've developed a hatred of christ because they don't read just scripture they read the talmud and they're educated they follow the traditions of man and they cannot abide that christ is lord but between now and the return of christ many many many many many are going to repent and are going to acknowledge him and hopefully we will have something to do with that because this is this is god's zeal to show himself mighty in jerusalem and in judah psalm 110 and verse 2 back to psalm 110 the lord yahuwah shall send the rod of your strength out of zion so this ruler god is going to support him from zion rule you in the midst of your enemies so the enemies are going to be surrounding zion and david's adonai is going to be established as the ruler in jerusalem to put down all of these enemies and we see this in revelation again all the scripture ties together together and revelation is also uh in the bible academy lineuponlinebibleacademy.com we did a line-by-line study of the book of revelation but here in verse 15 of chapter 19 and out of his mouth goes a sharp sword that with it he should smite the nations all these nations that have counts taken counsel together to try to destroy jerusalem judah and israel and god himself

he will smite the nations and he shall rule them out of zion he shall rule them with a rod of iron and he treads the winepress of the fierceness of the wrath of almighty god so he sits on the right hand of god and he expresses the fierceness and the wrath of almighty god in psalm 2 again this is the royal psalm and this was where we set the keynote for the sultry in psalm 2 he says why verse 1 why did the heathen rage and the people imagine a vain thing verse 6 yet have i set my set my king upon my holy hill of zion so he this king this royal king is going to rule out of zion back to psalm 110 verse 3 your people shall be willing in the day of your power in the beauties of holiness from the womb of the morning thou has to do of thy youth so this great king is going to rule from jerusalem and his people will accept him and and he will just be vibrant and and show this great strength of the lord verse 4 the lord jehovah has sworn and will not repent he will not change his mind what has he sworn you are a priest forever after the order of melchizedek so this can this is this psalm 110 verse one it is david's psalm that he's put to music he could not possibly be talking about himself the jews would like to believe that the lord said to my lord that it's some random person speaking saying that jehovah said to david his lord that he'll you'll rule forever but david was not made a priest forever after the order of melchizedek david was a king and a prophet but he

wasn't a high priest the lord has sworn and he won't change his mind this is an oath that god has sworn that this adonai david's adonai that sits beside god on the right hand you are a priest forever after the order of melchizedek again we go to the book of hebrews when when the apostle paul we believe the author was educating these hebrews and says in verse 5 so also christ glorified not himself to be made a high priest but he that said unto him you are my son today have i begotten you as he says also in another place that is in the psalms you are a priest forever after the order of melchizedek and this is all in the archive we went to great detail as to who the identity of melchizedek and what it means to be made a priest after the order of melchizedek but this is clearly speaking of messiah verse 9 of hebrews 5 and being made perfect he became the author of eternal salvation unto all them that obey him called of god a high priest after the order of melchizedek so it's very very clear to us we don't have to try to come up with some kind of strange explanation it just fits and here now continuing in verse 5 this the tone now shifts or the theme shifts a bit and he says in verse 5 the lord at your right hand shall strike through kings in the day of his wrath so the adonai is going to strike through kings in the day of his wrath you shall break them with a rod of iron you shall dash them in pieces like a potter's vessel this is exactly again the keynote was said at the beginning of the sultry in psalm 2 when he says be

wise now therefore o you kings verse 10 be instructed you judges of the earth serve the lord with fear and rejoice with trembling kiss the son lest he be angry and you perish from the way when his wrath is kindled but a little blessed are all they that put their trust in him so clearly this king this royal king has tremendous power supernatural power over the earth and here in verse 15 of revelation 6 the and the kings of the earth and the great men and the rich men and the chief captains and the mighty men and every bond man and every free man hid themselves in the dens and in the rocks of the mountains and set unto mountains and rocks fall on us and hide us from the face of him that sits on the throne and from the wrath of the lamb so this king is a mighty supernatural power that even all the mighty men of the earth have to run and hide have to run for cover from this this is not a normal human being that's sitting on a throne this is clearly a supernatural king for the great day of his wrath has come and who shall be able to stand all the scriptures just line up beautifully psalm 110 verse 6 he shall judge among the heathen amen he shall fill the places with the dead bodies and this is the christ we serve and a lot of people don't understand that that christ we're confused we think christ is just this very merciful very forgiving anything goes very tolerant christ is extremely merciful but he's

also severe behold the kindness and the severity of god he shall wound the heads over many countries so this who is this that can do this he shall drink of the brook in the way therefore shall he lift up the head here in revelation 14 and verse 20 and the wine press was trodden without the city and blood came out of the winepress this is christ even unto the horse's bridles and by the space of a thousand and six hundred for long so this is christ he's coming in wrath to to unleash his wrath upon the heathen and upon the hypocrites in zion so that was the royal psalm 110 and as i mentioned we have uh some or quite a few of our jewish brethren who struggle with that psalm because they they just cannot understand that that could possibly be talking about christ but i think as we tie all the scriptures together it's very plain to us that it is in fact talking about christ so that's the royal psalm psalm 112 is a psalm of wisdom this is a psalm 111 of thanks giving of personal thanksgiving and psalm 111 and psalm 112 are known as acrostics and acrostic is i think all of us are familiar with psalm 119 we'll eventually we're not that far actually we'll get there eventually i think we'll take a little break before we get there but psalm 119 is an acrostic where every letter of the alphabet dictates the content of the psalm well psalm 111 and psalm 112

are acrostics where we have the we have the hebrew alphabet and the poem or the song is governed by the hebrew alphabet so every phrase in this in the psalms 111 and 1 12 each of them begin with the the hebrew alphabet in in sequence and i think this is a a memory device and uh and it's just beautifully how they can how the psalmist can structure his meaning but follow this particular uh framework so let's look at psalm 111 where we see it begins praise you the lord in hebrew this is hallelujah and then the psalm begins i this is personally now i will praise jehovah with my whole heart so this is his personal praise there's something he understands and he begins hallelujah and then i will praise the lord jehovah with my whole heart in the assembly of the upright and in the congregation and so we we should be happy to come before god in praise and before our brethren in the in the assembly they will understand and it is contagious when somebody is just so full and exuberant and so full of praise of the lord this is contagious and we want we want to be that positive force in our congregation because the opposite is also true that if we come into the congregation

and we're despondent and you know we're just we're not praised praiseworthy we're not pray pray full of praise uh we can bring a congregation down so that's not to say that you know people go through the vicissitudes of life and we're gonna go through times when we're just we're troubled and we need to be able to be real with our brethren and say i'm troubled and hopefully we have a congregation where we can be very open and transparent and brethren are going to be loving and caring but we do have to be careful that you know the ark of our life is positive you think of a man again we mentioned our pastor wayne hendricks in the opening prayer a man of many troubles many grief griefs that he agree griefs that he had to deal with but he was positive he was a positive force wherever he went and so we need to think about that and to be like this is almost a positive force in the congregation and then he explains why he is so full of this praise the works of the lord are great what he does is it's phenomenal when you meditate and you think of what he does his works are great thought out of all them that have pleasure therein so so once you taste of the lord that he is sweet you search the scriptures to understand his ways and his works his work is honorable and glorious

and his righteousness endures forever and this is again as we search out the scriptures and we understand what righteousness is that god does right and he does right by his word he performs his word and and this commitment to his word it endures forever that a million years from now we'll be able to open scripture and say remember when god promised this a million years ago or a million and two and a half thousand years ago a million and six thousand years ago remember when he promised this and look look at look what look at it today look how we're enjoying this today we are enjoying the fruit of his oath and the fruit of his promise remember two million years ago his righteousness endures forever he has made his wonderful works to be remembered that is a profound thought that god is behaving in ways and conducting his affairs in ways that we remember this it is good to remember these works it's good to search them out and rehearse them and as we observe the holy days the high holy days annually that we rehearse these wonderful works because they were designed to be remembered to be rehearsed jehovah is gracious and full of compassion so there is a an understanding that the psalmist has he's on cloud nine and he's certainly at a very elevated spiritual level

and he's telling us something and hopefully it can get through to us that we're kind of caught up in the mundane day-to-day we got to do our work and look after family and business affairs and everything and and at the same time we're part of something that is profound and here the psalmist is trying to communicate something to us we're part of something that's profound and this god we serve performs wonderful works that when you when we get it we can't help but praise him with our whole heart and and these works are to be remembered and to be passed down from generation to generation and these works that he performs are an expression of his graciousness and his compassion and when you put the works together that he does with the human beings that he does them for it's like how does this work because these human beings that he does them for pardon my language we are rotten i hope you're not offended we are rotten we don't deserve this and yet he acts mightily in our behalf because he's great it has to do with his character not ours he's gracious and full of compassion he has given meat unto them that fear him he will ever be mindful of his covenant so this is this is what is you know to use the vernacular this is

what is blowing the psalmist away that these these powerful acts of god are rooted in covenant that is the explanation that how do you reconcile these phenomenal powerful majestic mighty works of god on behalf of people who deserve death and destruction how do you reckon oh the covenant that all of this wonder is predicated on his eternal covenant that once he promises he never relents he never turns his back on his promise and this is this is why the psalmist is so whole with his whole heart he has to praise and and those that fear him he gives them meat and let's hear what isaiah says about that he says isaiah 33 and verse 14 the sinners in zion are afraid so the people in zion are the covenant people but not all the covenant people are wholehearted like the psalmist some of the covenant people are hypocrites and now the crisis strikes and we begin to see a level of cowardice in the covenant community that is surprising if we understand this god of covenant if we understand this god of trustworthiness if we understand this god of compassion why in crisis are we afraid he explains that fearfulness has surprised the hypocrites they were caught off guard then he asked who among us shall dwell

in the crisis who among us shall dwell with the devouring fire and our god is a consuming and destroying fire who among us shall dwell with everlasting burnings is it possible is it possible that when when god strikes with his wrath and his fierce anger is it possible to survive isaiah says yes as the psalmist says yes who he that walks righteously and speaks uprightly he that despises the gain of oppressions that when when people are taking advantage of other humans that we say no i don't want anything to do with that we despise the gain of oppressions that shakes his hands from holding of bribes that stops his ears from hearing of blood and shuts his eyes from seeing evil he shall dwell on high his place of defense shall be the munitions of rocks food bread shall be given him his water shall be sure so god knows what he's doing and in the midst of crisis this god can still provide and that is what the psalmist is saying that he'll provide verse 6 back to psalm 111 verse 6 he has shown his people the power of his works who has he shown the whole world

well he's going to show the whole world his wrath but in terms of this wonder that the psalmist is experiencing it's between him and his people because it's all about the covenant he has shown his people the covenant people the power of his works that he may give them the heritage of the heathen say all this wealth and you see today these uh these heathen and their pursuit of incredible wealth and into the trillions of dollars the incredible wealth that they're pursuing and consolidating all of that as they gather it is going to be transferred to the covenant people because of the covenant because of god's covenant so he's going to show this and that he's going to give this power this heritage of the heathen to his people the works of his hands are truth and judgment all his commandments are sure that's why we can have confidence if god has commanded this we will be patient thank you very much we will abide in his commandments they stand fast forever and ever so people cannot come and tell us oh don't worry about the commandments they're done away no they stand fast forever and ever and are done in truth and uprightness he sent redemption unto his people again the psalmist is overwhelmed by the covenant faithfulness that if we do not understand that jehovah

is a god of covenant then we don't understand this god this is we we've missed the point the fundamental character of this god is faithfulness so if we miss that we we were serving the wrong god he sent redemption unto his people he didn't replace his people he redeemed them he sent redemption unto his people he has commanded his covenant for how long how long is this covenant going to be in place he has commanded his covenant forever and then he says holy and reverend is his name so so his name is associated with his faithfulness to covenant and he's commanded this covenant forever so once we understand the true nature of this god that we serve and and his his commitment to his covenant and how that is reflected in his name the holy one of israel once we understand that that's what we preach and in matthew 24 christ says then shall they deliver you up to be afflicted and shall kill you why and you shall be hated of all nations why for my name's sake so there's something about the name of god that in the end time just before he returns his people understand and preach and no doubt the psalmist is showing us his name is connected to his covenant

faithfulness and the gospel is all about his covenant faithfulness and so we have to preach the gospel that christ preached we have to preach the gospel that the apostles preached we have to preach the gospel that the prophets and moses preached and it's all surrounds and is reflected in his name back to psalm 111 verse 10. the fear of the lord is the beginning of wisdom a good understanding have all they that do his commandments his praise endures forever so this now reminds us in fact of proverbs 1 and verse 7 the fear of the lord is the beginning of knowledge but fools despise wisdom and instruction so this overwhelming praise that the psalmist has and this understanding that he's gaining of god's always acting in in wonder because of his commitment to his covenant and and the the fear really it's the the reverence it's not fear like oh i'm afraid i'm oh god is going to kill me i better be afraid it's not like that it's just ah it's this wonder that he has when when when we have this aw and we search out the the works of god and that we hold him in high regard because of his mighty works this is the beginning of wisdom this is the beginning of knowledge as the proverbs say and wisdom as the psalm says psalm 112 this now is a psalm of wisdom

and it also is an acrostic so again every phrase is begins with the hebrew alphabet and again it begins with hallelujah and then not only is this an acrostic but it begins with blessed is the man that fears the lord and delights greatly in his commandment and this is now a callback to psalm 1 which begins with the exact same word that blessed is the man that walks not in the counsel of the ungodly nor stands in the way of sinners nor sits in the seat of the scornful so this word blessed is content it's just just it's hard to put into just words but we're just in a different place altogether eat forever when we fear the lord and we delight greatly in his commandments and so i'll call back now to the wisdom psalm 1. this psalm 112 not only is it an acrostic but it begins with the same word in psalm 1 and then it ends with the same word that psalm 1 ends with here in psalm 112. so definitely a call back to the wisdom psalm 1. verse 2 of psalm 112 his seed shall be mighty upon earth this is the blessing of those that love the lord and his word his seed shall be mighty upon the earth the generation of the upright shall be blessed wealth and riches shall be in his house and his righteousness endures forever

this is a promise and we just read in psalm 111 how god is going to act and transfer all the wealth of the heathen to his covenant people and in isaiah verse chapter 60 we actually see how that's going to come about verse 4 unto the upright there arises light in the darkness i love this verse because we are living in very dark times now the darkness is just descending on the earth darkness chaos confusion and great evil descending on the earth and we have to live in this but unto the upright there arises light in the darkness he is gracious and full of compassion and righteous and then we just read this in psalm 111. but listen to this that unto the upright there arises light in the darkness of isaiah and micah isaiah says who is among you that fears the lord that obeys the voice of his servant that walks in darkness and has no light and this this is our condition now where we're just getting cornered we're being shoved aside uh where we find ourselves trying to operate in this very dark world well in all of that do you fear men or do you fear god because if you're in darkness if we're in darkness and we fear god listen who is among you that fears the lord

that obeys the voice of his servant that walks in darkness or his servant being the prophet that walks in darkness and has no light let him trust in the name of the lord and stay upon his god there it is again the name of the lord understanding this covenant keeping god and just trust in him and wait for him stay upon your god micah says in chapter 7 verse 8 rejoice not against me o my enemy when i fall i shall arise when i sit in darkness the lord shall be a light unto me and this is the confidence that we should have in times of darkness that the lord shall be a light unto us that he will act according to his covenant that's why we search the scriptures and see his works and see how committed and consistent he is to his covenant back to psalm 112 verse 5. a good man shows favor and lends he will guide his affairs with discretion so showing that when we have the fear of the lord we really do look after our brothers and our sisters and we have compassion we have mercy and we're not selfish and we're not just thinking of ourselves we have a generous heart that's that's sort of the the the outcome or the fruit of of developing god's character surely he shall not be moved forever the righteous shall be in everlasting

remembrance he shall not be afraid of evil tidings his heart is fixed trusting in the lord and i think this is a great test for us now psalm 112 verse 7. how are we doing let's sort of let's do a little bit of an assessment you know we've been through two years now coming up to two years of this uh pandemic chaos the economy is falling the free world is being destroyed right before our eyes by people who claim to be looking after us while they destroy the free world you know irreparably that this that we're collapsing is this this amazing thing to behold this pandemic this virus has taken people out people have gotten terribly ill and died and the media has been hyping that up so there's a lot of hysteria and terror and fear everywhere and there's more bad news and more bad news and more bad news evil tidings how are we doing are we afraid are we feeding into the hysteria are we trying to make brethren afraid or is our heart fixed trusting in yehovah this is this is real the exam is upon us we've been talking for decades about these things now the exam is time is the examination time what's in our heart and is it fixed and do we trust in the name of the lord or are we just easily made afraid

because the psalmist says the faithful will not be afraid of bad news because his heart is fixed trusting in the lord his heart is established he shall not be afraid he repeats it he shall not be afraid we need to remind each other stop being afraid yes they can do everything and they will do whatever they can but god is going to act he's a mighty faithful god his heart is established he shall not be afraid until he sees his desire upon his enemies he knows that god is going to act we have adversaries we should we should not trust people who hate us people make it clear they hate you they want to destroy you why would you line up and eat from their hand he has dispersed he has given to the poor his righteousness endures forever his horn shall be exalted with honor so again the character of the man of god is to be generous to help others knowing that god will act the wicked shall see it and be grieved so the wicked are going to have a whale of a time christ says that in john i believe it's chapter 16. he says that the world will rejoice you're going to have sorrow while the world is rejoicing but then their rejoicing will be turned to sadness and your sorrow will be turned to joy eternal joy and the wicked will see it

the wicked shall see it and be grieved he shall gnash with his teeth it's like all of a sudden everything that they were pursuing has evaporated it's gone up in smoke it's been taken from them and they're going to gnash with their teeth and melt away and then the psalm ends that the desire of the wicked shall perish all of this wealth and power that they're pursuing this this intense desire they have for all of this it's all going to disappear in this word a parish that the psalmist ends with it's the very same word that psalm 1 ends with for the lord knows the way of the righteous but the way of the ungodly shall perish so not only did the psalmist manage to [Music] write the poem in an acrostic so that he's faithful to the hebrew alphabet and that's a probably a menomic device a memory device so that they can recall this psalm especially in time of trouble they could easily recall it but in doing all of that he also sticks it and adheres to the the opening keynote for the whole sultry which is psalm 1. so brethren that is uh psalms 110 the royal psalm 111 a psalm of gratitude and psalm 112

which is the psalm of wisdom a wisdom psalm hopefully you were edified by that god willing will continue with the psalms

next week i'm going to go i believe god willing we'll go up to psalm 118. psalm 119 is such a big psalm it's like a book in itself so i think we'll take a break from the psalms after psalm 118 maybe in a couple of weeks and then we'll come back and then we'll we'll do another which is the big acrostic psalm which is psalm 119. so brethren i pray that uh you were edified what a mighty god we serve there's a lot of wisdom a lot of prophecy a lot of encouragement in these psalms as we study them line up online what a mighty mighty god what a faithful god a god of covenant we serve god is great hallelujah what a praiseworthy god amen you